

Date: Fri, 22 Oct 93 04:31:07 PDT  
From: Ham-Space Mailing List and Newsgroup <ham-space@ucsd.edu>  
Errors-To: Ham-Space-Errors@UCSD.Edu  
Reply-To: Ham-Space@UCSD.Edu  
Precedence: Bulk  
Subject: Ham-Space Digest V93 #62  
To: Ham-Space

Ham-Space Digest                      Fri, 22 Oct 93                      Volume 93 : Issue    62

Today's Topics:

                    ROMIR-1 freq. (2 msgs)  
                    SAREX PACKET WORKED  
                    STS-58 Element Set GSFC-008  
                    Two-Line Orbital Element Set: Space Shuttle (2 msgs)

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Ham-Space@UCSD.Edu>  
Send subscription requests to: <Ham-Space-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu>  
Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Ham-Space Digest are available  
(by FTP only) from UCSD.Edu in directory "mailarchives/ham-space".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text  
herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official  
policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.

-----

Date: 21 Oct 1993 13:20:00 GMT  
From: nevada.edu!news.unomaha.edu!crcnis1.unl.edu!unlinfo.unl.edu!djw@uunet.uu.net  
Subject: ROMIR-1 freq.  
To: ham-space@ucsd.edu

Thanks for reading this post.....

What is(are) the uplink frequency(ies) for the ROMIR-1 packet  
robot onboard the MIR spacecraft. Is the operation split-frequency  
like the shuttle, or is it simplex? I hear ROMIR-1 frequently  
at my QTH and would like to try to work it. Any operating hints  
would also be appreciated. TNX!

                    Dan-WA0JRD  
                    djw@unlinfo.unl.edu

-----

Date: 21 Oct 93 12:37:48 EDT  
From: psinntp!arrrl.org@uunet.uu.net  
Subject: ROMIR-1 freq.

To: ham-space@ucsd.edu

In rec.radio.amateur.space, djw@unlinfo.unl.edu (daniel wright) writes:

>Thanks for reading this post.....

> What is(are) the uplink frequency(ies) for the ROMIR-1 packet

>robot onboard the MIR spacecraft. Is the operation split-frequency

>like the shuttle, or is it simplex? I hear ROMIR-1 frequently

>at my QTH and would like to try to work it. Any operating hints

>would also be appreciated. TNX!

> Dan-WA0JRD

> djw@unlinfo.unl.edu

>

>

MIR operates on 145.55 MHz FM simplex. Their schedule tends to be erratic. Sometimes they operate packet, other times voice. If you connect to their mailbox, post your message in Russian if possible. You'll dramatically increase your chances of receiving a reply (in Russian, of course!).

Keep in mind that the crew is living on Moscow time. Generally speaking, they have the most free time between 2100 Moscow time and 2300. That's their relaxation period before they go to sleep.

A new crew will be going up in mid to late November. No word yet on which call sign they'll use.

73...Steve, WB8IMY

American Radio Relay League

-----

Date: Thu, 21 Oct 1993 07:21:13 GMT

From: swrinde!elroy.jpl.nasa.gov!usc!howland.reston.ans.net!ee.und.ac.za!

hippo.ru.ac.za!pukrs7.puk.ac.za!pc2.puk.ac.za!itbkl@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: SAREX PACKET WORKED

To: ham-space@ucsd.edu

FROM ZS6TW, PRETORIA, SOUTH AFRICA

I worked SAREX last night on Packet using the normal freqs (145.550 down, 144.490 up).

Looks like I was station #28 who worked it. On the following orbit, SAREX was giving #70 + for other stations, so I guess there must be quite a lot of people trying to get into it.

Equipment : Kenwood 751, 25W into SlimJim.

Sigs : 54.

I can't remember the exact time, but it was on the orbit just before they spoke to one of the U.S. schools.

After you connect to SAREX, and receive your QSO number, send an empty packet back to the Shuttle. It will then automatically disconnect.

Keith.

Potch Univ.	Email :	Tel:
Potchefstroom	itbkl@puknet.puk.ac.za	Voice (0148) 992126
West Transvaal		FAX (0148) 992799
South Africa		

-----  
Date: Thu, 21 Oct 1993 02:27:00 GMT  
From: [tribune.usask.ca!kakwa.ucs.ualberta.ca!alberta!nebulus!ve6mgs!usenet@decwrl.dec.com](mailto:tribune.usask.ca!kakwa.ucs.ualberta.ca!alberta!nebulus!ve6mgs!usenet@decwrl.dec.com)  
Subject: STS-58 Element Set GSFC-008  
To: [ham-space@ucsd.edu](mailto:ham-space@ucsd.edu)

SB SAREX @ AMSAT \$STS-58.008  
STS-58 Element Set GSFC-008

The following represents that latest Keplerian element set as generated by Ron Parise, WA4SIR, at the Goddard Space Flight Center.

STS-58

1	22869U	93 65	A	93293.74246772	0.00042993	00000-0	10039-3	0	89
2	22869	39.0199	114.9263	0004996	302.7634	57.2694	15.96059457		351

Satellite: STS-58

Catalog number: 22869

Epoch time: 93293.74246772 (20 OCT 93 17:49:09.21 UTC)

Element set: GSFC-008

Inclination: 39.0199 deg

RA of node: 114.9263 deg Space Shuttle Flight STS-58

Eccentricity: 0.0004996 Keplerian Elements

Arg of perigee: 302.7634 deg

Mean anomaly: 57.2694 deg

Mean motion: 15.96059457 rev/day Semi-major Axis: 6663.4962 Km

Decay rate: 0.43E-03 rev/day\*2 Apogee Alt: 288.44 Km

Epoch rev: 35 Perigee Alt: 281.78 Km



system. As a service to the satellite user community, the most current elements for the current shuttle mission are provided below. The Celestial BBS may be accessed 24 hours/day at 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, or 9600 bps using 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity.

Element sets (also updated daily), shuttle elements, and some documentation and software are also available via anonymous ftp from archive.afit.af.mil (129.92.1.66) in the directory pub/space.

STS 58

```
1 22869U 93 65 A 93294.22916666 .00046030 00000-0 10578-3 0 106
2 22869 39.0201 111.6925 0005314 317.9600 323.1535 15.96327200 410
```

--

Dr TS Kelso  
tkelso@afit.af.mil

Assistant Professor of Space Operations  
Air Force Institute of Technology

-----  
Date: Thu, 21 Oct 1993 05:26:24 GMT  
From: noc.near.net!gateway-gw!newshost!wpns@uunet.uu.net  
To: ham-space@ucsd.edu

References <750600011.AA00149@afarm.uucp>, <CF3u4J.3L5@alsys.com>,  
<2a1asg\$mk2@ornews.intel.com>.ne  
Subject : Re: Keps for the Moon

labelle@ornews.intel.com (George La Belle) writes:  
>garym@alsys.com (Gary Morris @ignite) writes:  
>>Ron.Parsons@f40.n382.z1.fidonet.org (Ron Parsons) writes:

>>>I need a set of 2-line Keps for the Moon.

>>I've been told that Keps are not sufficient to describe the orbit of the  
>>Moon.

> Then how accurate is the IT tracking program for the moon. The

My understanding of IT (and presumably others) is that they don't use standard elements to describe the motion of the moon and sun, but rather escape into other routines that do those jobs separately.

--

Willie Smith wpns@pictel.com N1JBJ@amsat.org  
She's writing a formal letter of complaint to the Internet Administration!

-----

End of Ham-Space Digest V93 #62  
\*\*\*\*\*